

Icy Seas

Scientific Musings of a Sailor in a Changing Climate

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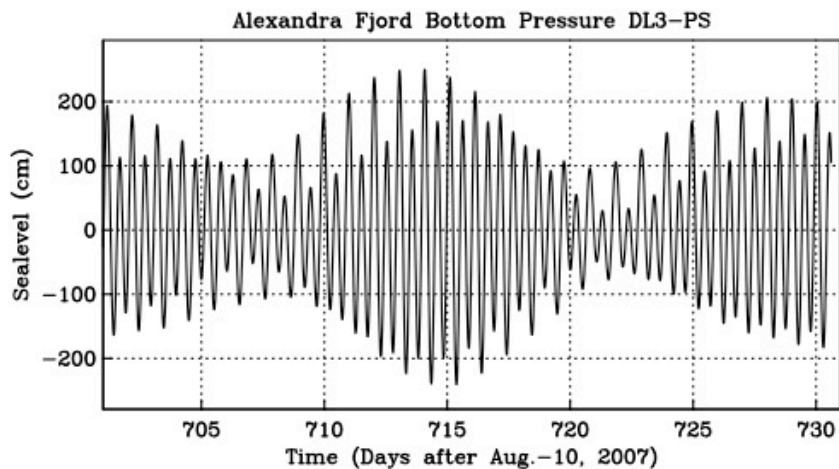
Andreas Muenchow
University of Delaware



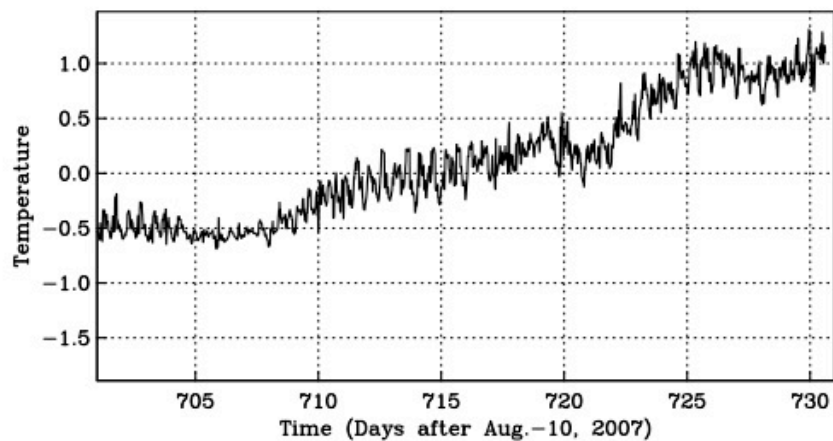
Def.: Time Series

Time series is a collection or sequence of numbers that represent the state of any system as a function of time or space or any other “ordering” independent variable.

Scalar Time Series Data



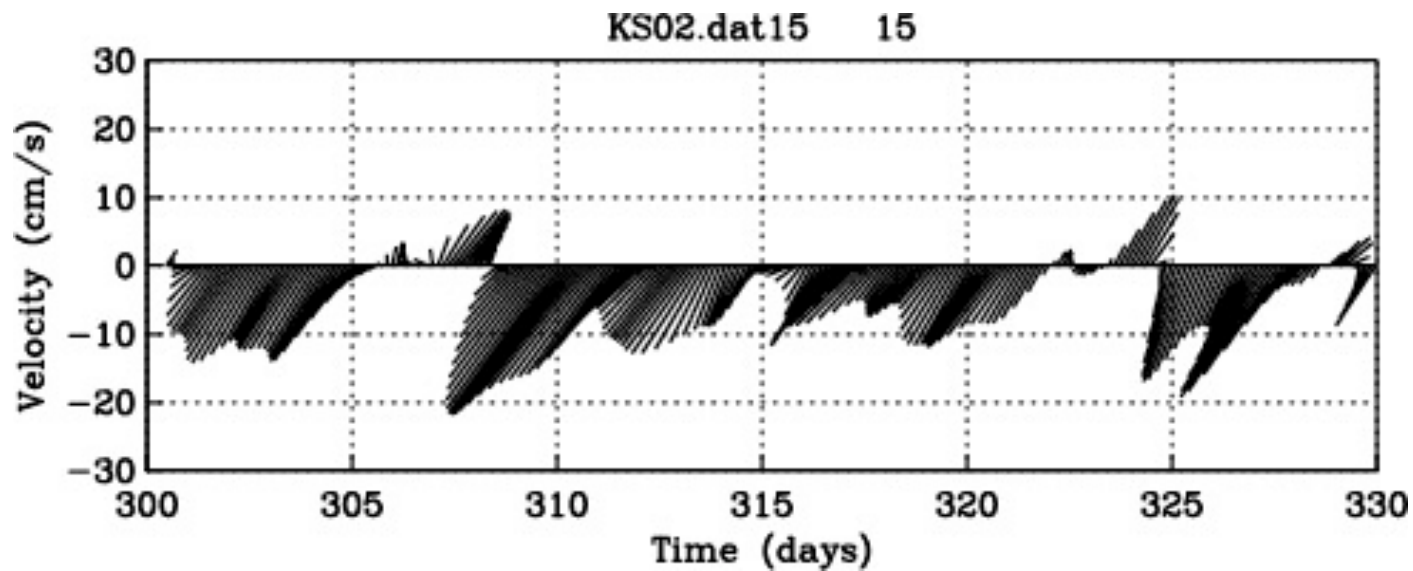
e.g., Sealevel Pressure
(almost periodic)



e.g., Bottom Temperature
(transient)

Vector Time Series Data

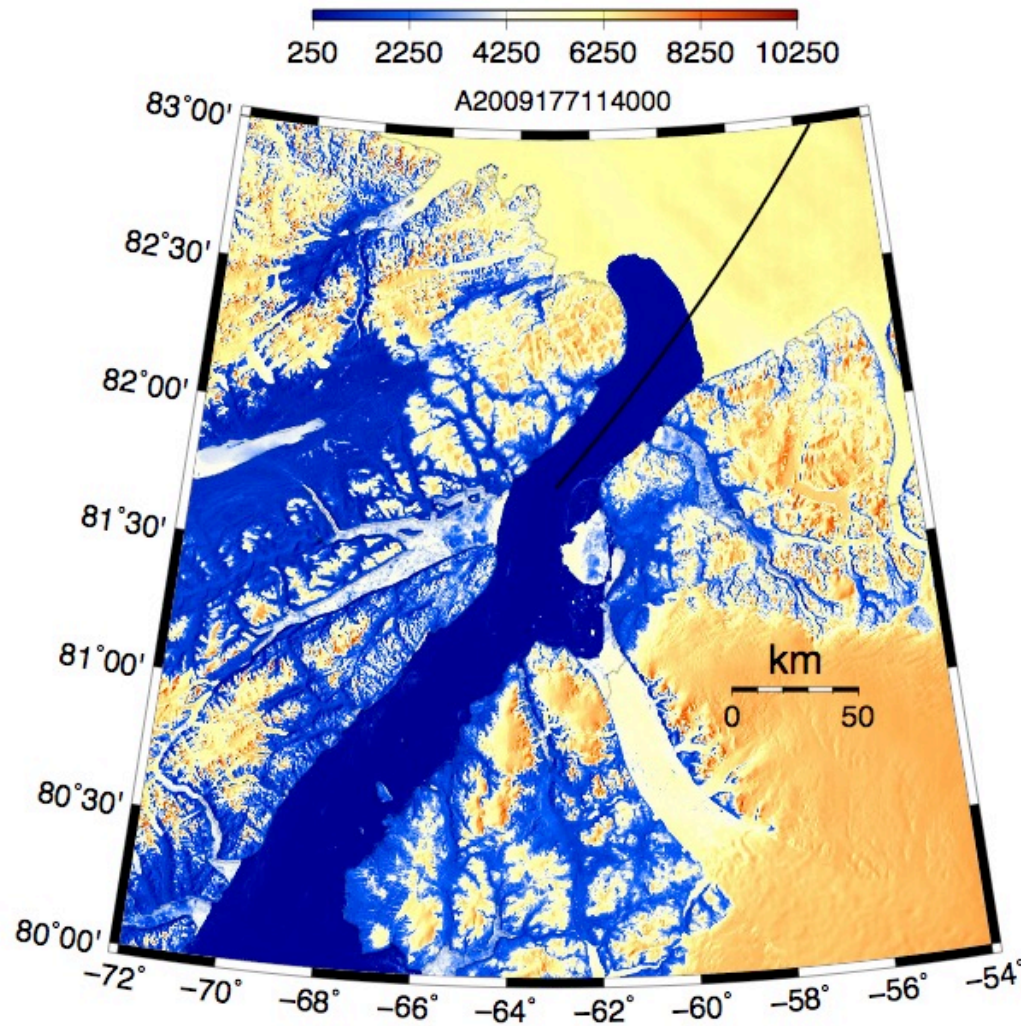
Ocean Currents



Speed (length of “stick”) and direction (orientation of “stick”)

as a function of time

Matrix Time Series Data



Spatial pattern of
“some scalar”

Reflectance at 645 nm
(red part of visible spectrum)
of ice, water, and land from MODIS

July-26, 2009 11:40 UTC

Matrix Time Series Data

Spatial patterns that vary with time

Show animation of
MODIS sea ice
Petermann fjord and glacier

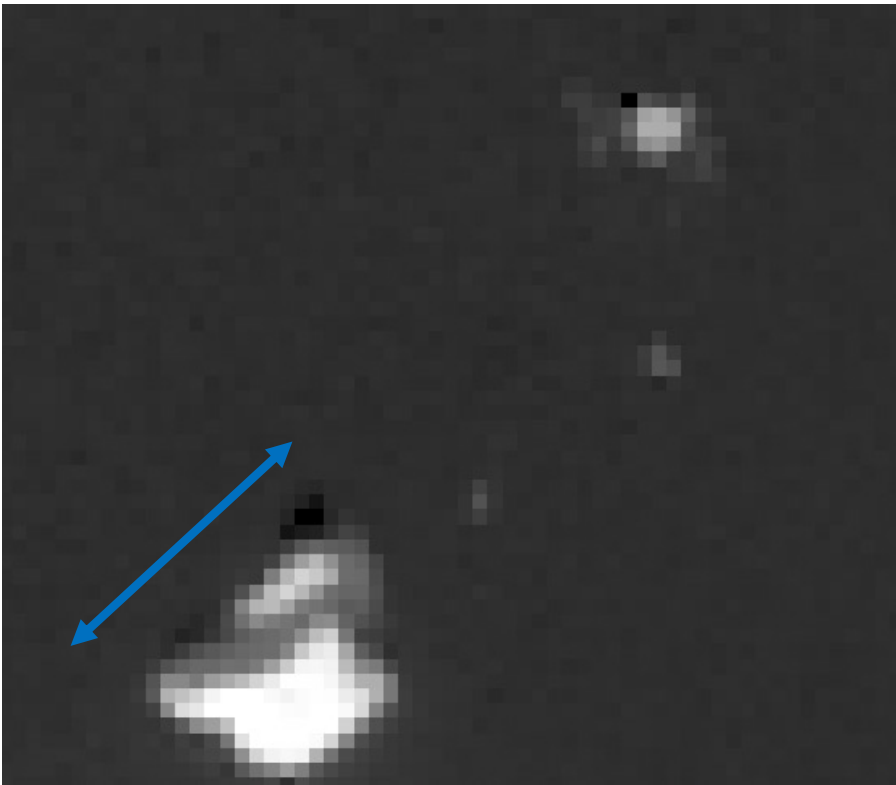
Mathematical Data
(continuous):

$$x = x(t)$$

Digital Data

(discrete):

$$x = x(t_i) \quad i=1,2,3 \dots N$$



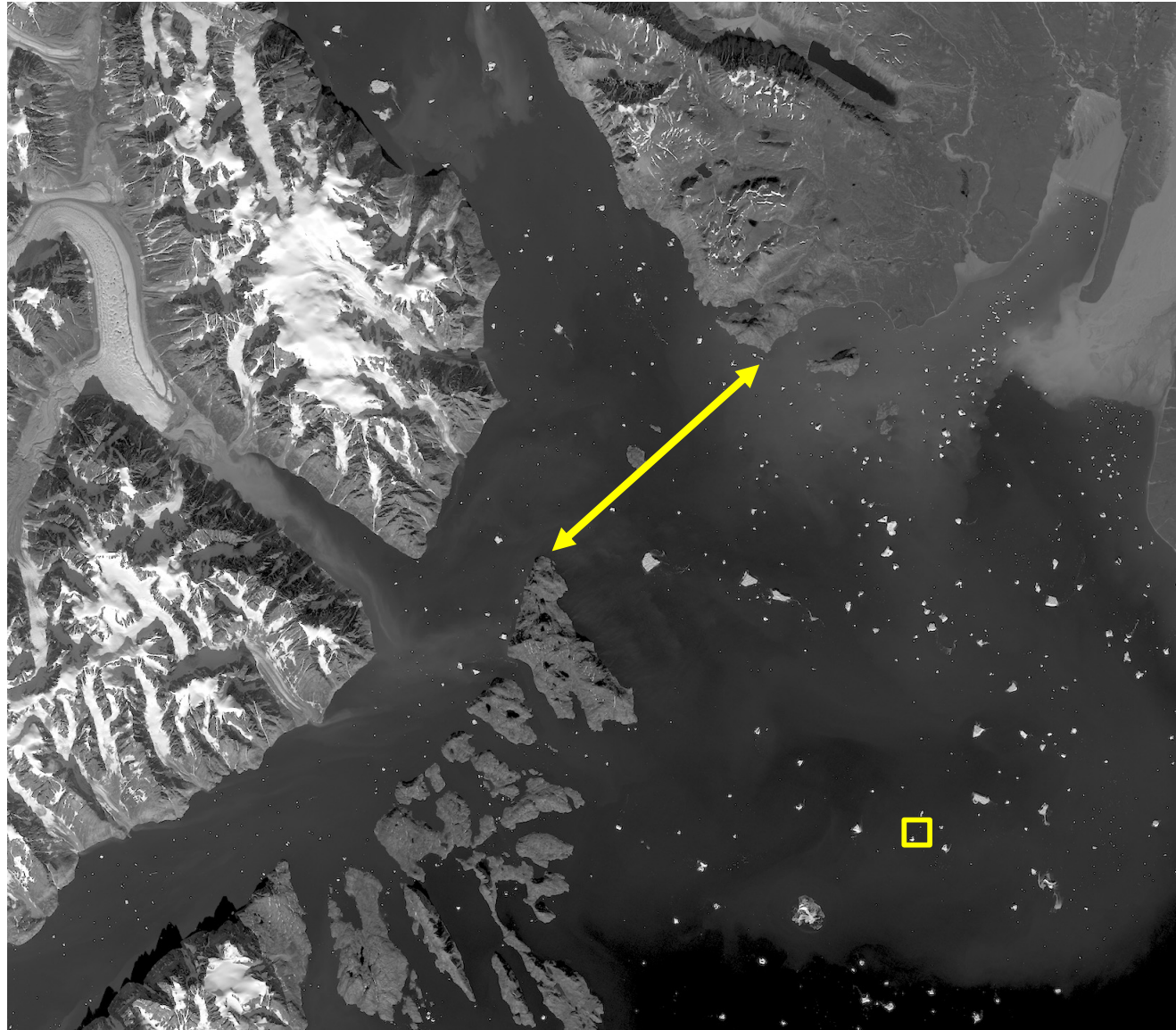
Scale



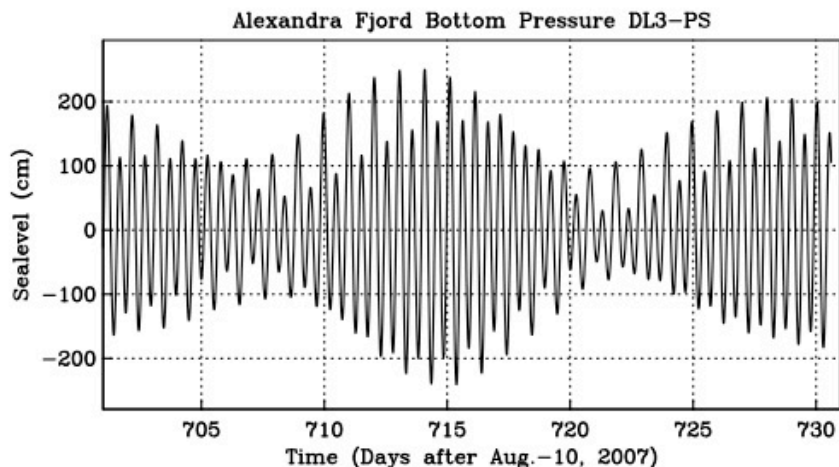
Scoresby Sund,
Greenland Aug. 2018



Water color with colored pencil
Dragonfly Leathrum, 2018



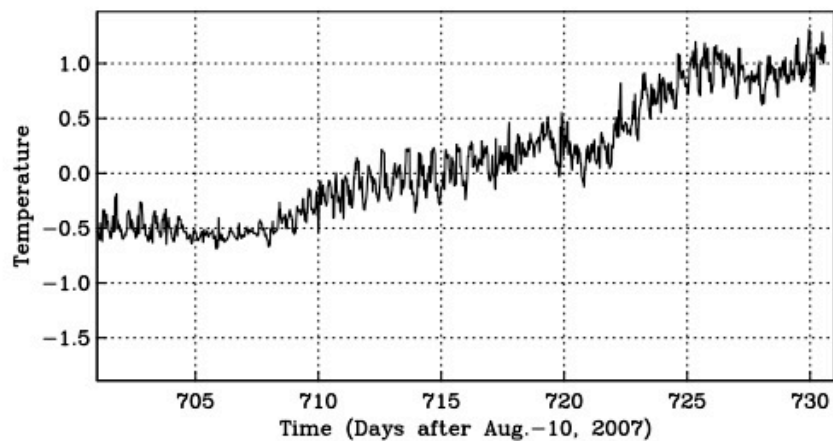
Scalar Time Series Data



Deterministic Data

can be predicted into the future

Example: Tides



Stochastic or Random Data

cannot be predicted into the future
without stating probabilities

Example: Weather