

Fully non-linear equations of motion for (u,v,w,p, and rho')

$$\frac{du}{dt} - f_0 v - \beta_0 g v = -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2}$$

x-momentum

$$\frac{dv}{dt} + f_0 u - \beta_0 g u = -\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial p}{\partial y} + \nu \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2}$$

y-momentum

$$\sigma = -\frac{\partial p}{\partial z} - \rho' g$$

z-momentum

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = \sigma$$

continuity
volume conservation

$$\frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial t} + u \frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial y} + w \frac{\partial \rho'}{\partial z} = \sigma$$

density equation
(without diffusion)

With $Ro_T \sim Fr^2 \sim E_v \sim \beta \sim Ro \ll 1$ [we will return to this later again]
 non-dimensional parameters

and

	O(1)	O(Ro)	O(Ro ²)	
$u = U$	$[u_0^* + Ro u_1^* + \sigma(Ro^2)]$			$u_0 = U \cdot u_0^* = O(U)$
$p = P$	$[p_0^* + Ro p_1^* + \sigma(Ro^2)]$			$u_1 = U \cdot u_1^* = O(Ro U)$
Scale	non-dimensional variable			m/s = m/s * nd

The O(1) equations are geostrophic "nd" is no dimension & O(1)

O(1) velocities

$$v_0 = \frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0} \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial x}, \quad u_0 = -\frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0} \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial y}$$

$$\frac{\partial u_0}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v_0}{\partial y} = \sigma = \frac{\partial w_0}{\partial z}$$

2 independent equations
for three variables
-> p0 still "unknown"

Order R_0 or $O(R_0)$ with known $O(1)$ variables (u_0, v_0, p_0)
 but unknown $O(R_0)$ variables (u_1, v_1, p_1)

Then the full geostrophic x-momentum written
 in terms of geostrophic velocity or pressure becomes

$$\underbrace{-\frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial t}}_{O(R_0 \tau)} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{\rho_0^2 f_0^2} J\left(p_0, \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial y}\right)}_{O(R_0)} \gg \underbrace{-\frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0} w \frac{\partial^2 p_0}{\partial y \partial z}}_{O(R_0 \cdot Fr^2)} - \underbrace{f_0 v_1}_{O(R_0)} - \underbrace{\frac{\beta_0}{\rho_0 f_0} y \frac{\partial p_0}{\partial y}}_{O(\beta)}$$

$\text{from } \frac{\partial u}{\partial t}$
 $\frac{u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} \text{ from } \rho_0$
 $\frac{w \frac{\partial u}{\partial z}}$

Jacobian operator:

$$J(a, b) = \frac{\partial a}{\partial x} \frac{\partial b}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial a}{\partial y} \frac{\partial b}{\partial x} = -J(b, a)$$

e.g.:

$$\vec{u}_H \cdot \nabla_H = u \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial}{\partial y}$$

so in

$$u \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + v \frac{\partial u}{\partial y} = -\frac{1}{(\rho_0 f_0)^2} J\left(p, \frac{\partial p}{\partial y}\right)$$

$$= \underbrace{-\frac{1}{\rho_0} \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial x}}_{O(R_0)} - \underbrace{\frac{v}{\rho_0 f_0} \frac{\partial^3 p_0}{\partial y \partial z^2}}_{O(E_s)}$$

Or @ $O(R_0, \beta, E_s)$:

$$\underbrace{v_1}_{\text{unknown velocity } O(R_0)} = \underbrace{+\frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0^2} \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial x}}_{\text{unknown pressure gradient}} - \underbrace{\frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0^2} \frac{\partial^2 p_0}{\partial y \partial z}}_{\text{known geostrophic contributions that are ALL known if } p_0 \text{ is known}} \dots$$

$$\underbrace{u_1}_{\text{unknown velocity } O(R_0)} = \underbrace{-\frac{1}{\rho_0 f_0^2} \frac{\partial p_1}{\partial y}}_{\text{unknown pressure gradient}} - \dots$$