

5.8
(p. 121)

Kelvin Wave

Solid Wall $x=0$, $u=0$

$$\underline{-f v = -g \eta_x} \quad \text{geostrophic across-shore}$$

$$\underline{v_t = -g \eta_y} \quad \left| \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \right.$$

$$\eta_t + D v_y = 0 \quad \left| \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \right.$$

$$\boxed{\eta_{tt} - g D \eta_{yy} = 0}$$

$$e^{-i\sigma t}$$

$$\underline{-\sigma^2 - g D \eta_{yy} = 0}$$

$$\underline{\eta_{yy} + \frac{\sigma^2}{g D} = 0}$$

choose

$$\boxed{\eta = a(x) e^{i l y}}$$

where $a(x)$ still unknown

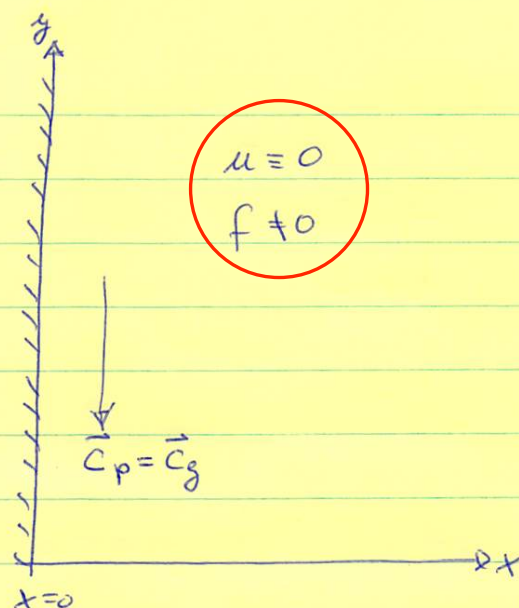
$$\downarrow \quad \sigma^2 = g D l^2$$

Kelvin Wave Dispersion Eq.

same as shallow water wave
without rotationCombine $v = \frac{g}{f} \eta_x$ and $-i\sigma v = -g \eta_y$ from momentum

$$\frac{g}{f} \eta_x = \frac{g}{i\sigma} \eta_y \quad \text{or}$$

$$\boxed{-i\sigma \underline{\eta_x} + f \underline{\eta_y} = 0}$$



pressure gradient along wall due to seabed oscillations produce an acceleration along the wall, but pressure gradient along wall is in geostrophic balance with along-channel flow

$$\eta = a(x) \cdot e^{i l y}$$

$$-i \sigma \eta_x + f \eta_y = 0$$

$$-i \sigma \frac{da}{dx} e^{i l y} + f i l e^{i l y} = 0$$

ordinary differential equation
for $a(x)$:

$$\frac{da}{dx} = \frac{f l}{\sigma}$$

$$\text{or } a(x) = a_0 e^{f l x / \sigma}$$

And the full solution is

$$l / \sigma = 1 / c_{\text{phase}}$$

$$l / \sigma = 1 / \sqrt{g D}$$

$$\eta = a_0 e^{-i \sigma t + i l y} e^{f l x / \sigma}$$

Waves for $x > 0$ 1. finite solution as $x \rightarrow \infty$

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \eta = 0$

1. $l < 0$

1. wave travels in the $-y$ direction here

1. for $f > 0$ wave always travels with coast
on its right